

POTOSI JOURNAL.

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POTOSI, : : : MISSOURI.

Famine is prevalent in 100 districts of 23 Russian provinces. This means that 18,000,000 persons will have to be fed until next July.

English poachers have adopted khaki for wear during business hours. They find it makes the evasion of watchful gamekeepers easier.

Three burglars in New York claim to have robbed 400 homes. And to add to the disaster a great majority of the men who were robbed had their lives insured.

The great life insurance companies being eleemosynary and missionary institutions, it is up to Deacon Rockefeller to donate them a bunch for the good of the noble cause.

Instructions are given by the British admiralty office regarding the manner in which oil should be poured on "troubled waters." It is recommended that the oil be dropped overboard in small perforated canvas bags capable of holding from one to two gallons.

Charles Hose, a resident of Sam-wak, India, has been investigating heri-ber and has come to the conclusion that the immediate cause of that disease is to be found in rice which has undergone certain changes connected with the development upon it of a mold or fungus.

A Parisian actor who formerly made a good income in his profession is now earning his living as a cab driver. He has taken this step to spite his divorced wife. Wherever he went she put a lien on his salary. The actor found that the only occupation in which his wife was helpless against him was cab driving, because he received no salary.

Of all the crops raised in New England soil, the one being nursed by Cyrus J. Brownell, of Worcester, Mass., is doubtless the most unique—and the least pleasing to his neighbors. Mr. Brownell is a snake farmer, and he is rearing crops of rattlesnakes, king snakes, pine snakes and other varieties of the reptile family for strictly commercial purposes.

John D. Rockefeller is the richest man in the world. The value of the securities he holds is greater than the holdings of any other individual in the world. He is represented on the boards of more than 125 corporations. His income within the last eight years, according to this Wall Street publication, has exceeded \$200,000,000. Half of this vast sum he received in dividends from the Standard Oil Co. The rest came from corporations in which he is interested.

A Scottish correspondent writes of funerals in the Highlands: "There are no undertakers here. A carpenter makes the simple coffin, relatives and friends carry it, hip high, to its last resting place, which is dug when the end of the journey is reached, and having walked perhaps six miles to the chosen kirkyard, they take a refreshment of sandwiches and whisky and walk home again. The rigorous absence of pomp is maintained, but there is the added embellishment of pipe music."

John Henry Brodribb, knighted in 1895 as Sir Henry Irving, made his stage debut as the villain of a melodrama in the English provinces. Tradition has it that in one act he appeared with a piece of raw beef concealed under his coat collar, that the faithful dog of the heroine might nightly leap at his throat in the interest of virtue endangered and the dramatic unities. That was stage management, an art in which Irving for years led his contemporaries in the two great English-speaking lands.

An expedition in search of the North Pole will start from Dawson, Yukon Territory, in the summer of 1906. If the plans of the International Society for Polar Research and Experiment are carried out, Gov. W. B. McInnes, of Yukon, is one of the leaders in the movement, and Gen. Greely, U. S. A., thinks the plans of the society feasible. The main difference between the plans of the Yukon explorers and those of expeditions in the past is that the Yukoners expect to utilize their knowledge of ways and means of existence and transportation in the Arctic.

Merchandise to the value of more than \$100,000,000 was imported into Egypt last year, of which considerably less than \$1,000,000 worth was imported direct from the United States. It is explained that probably 90 per cent. of Egypt's imports were of a class that could have been supplied from the United States, the most important of them being commodities of which we are large producers. Surely Egypt is a field for intelligent co-operation on the part of American manufacturers who are desirous of extending their trade.

Sea captains who have actually been sailing over the so-called "gulf stream" have been giving out statements of the erratic movements of this vast ocean river, which have drawn forth strenuous denials from weather observers and scientists. According to the sailors, the gulf stream has been decided to flow much nearer the American North Atlantic coast. Therefore, this is asserted to be the real reason for the murky, humid, yet not summer, season which has just ended. The scientists, however, deny that the weather is due to gulf stream influence.

The prices paid for the light harness horse have been gradually increasing during the past few years. The stallion Arion sold for \$125,000; Axtell, \$105,000; Sumo, \$65,000; Directum, \$55,000; Mand S, \$45,000; Nancy Hanks, \$45,000; The Abbot, \$40,000; Alix, \$40,000; Kremlin, \$42,000; Major Delmar, \$45,000; Dan Patch, pacer, \$40,000; Star Pointer, \$38,000; Rance, \$35,000; Young Pocahontas, \$35,000; and quite a number have sold for \$25,000 and \$30,000. One hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars has been offered for the stallion Allerton.

AUTOCRACY DEAD; THE PEOPLE REIGN

Reveille for Constitutional Government Sounded in Russia.

THE CZAR ISSUES MANIFESTO

M. Witte Commissioned as Premier, With Authority to Unify the Powers of the Government Along More Liberal Lines.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—The autocracy of the Romanoffs and the old order of things has ceased to exist in Russia. Emperor Nicholas has surrendered.

"An imperial manifesto has been issued appointing Count Witte prime minister with special authority to coordinate and unify the powers of the different branches of the government. Civic liberties are granted to the Russian people and to the national assembly is given legislative power, while the suffrage is enlarged."

Count Witte insisted on a cabinet on the British model, with a selected premier responsible to the imperial duma, or parliament, while the emperor clung to the appointment of the min-



THE LAST OF THE AUTOCRATS.

bers of the cabinet on the American plan by the emperor as chief of state. The following is the text of the imperial manifesto:

The Imperial Manifesto.
"Emperor Nicholas II. by the grace of God, emperor and autocrat of all the Russias, grand duke of Finland, etc., declare to all our faithful subjects that troubles and agitation in our capitals and in numerous other places fill our heart with excessive pain and sorrow. The happiness of the Russian sovereign is indissolubly bound up with the happiness of our people, and the sorrow of our people is the sorrow of the sovereign."

"From the present disorders may arise great national disruption. They menace the integrity and unity of our empire."

"The supreme duty imposed upon us by our sovereign office requires us to efface ourself and to use all the force and reason at our command to hasten in securing the unity and co-ordination of the powers of the central government, and to assure the success of measures for pacification in all circles of public health, which are essential to the well being of our people."

"We, therefore, direct our government to carry out our inflexible will in the following manner:

"First—To extend to the population the immutable foundations of civil liberty, based on the real inviolability of person, freedom of conscience, speech, union and association."

"Second—Without suspending the already ordered elections to the state duma, to invite the participation in the duma, so far as the limited time before the convocation of the duma will permit, those classes of the population now completely deprived of electoral rights, leaving the ultimate development of the principle of electoral right in general to the newly-established legislative order of things."

"Third—To establish an unchangeable rule that no law shall be enforceable without the approval of the state duma, and that it shall be possible for the elected of the people to exercise real participation in the supervision of the legality of the acts of the authorities appointed by us."

"We appeal to all faithful sons of Russia to remember their duty towards the fatherland to aid in terminating these unprecedented troubles and to apply their forces, in co-operation with us to the restoration of calm and peace upon our natal soil."

"Given at Peterhof, October 30, in the eleventh year of our reign."

(Signed) "NICHOLAS."

REVEILLE IS SOUNDED.

Russia Called Upon to Awake to Constitutional Government.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—A simple perusal of the manifesto shows how complete is the emperor's abdication of his autocratic power. The very style of the document is clear and direct and devoid of the verbose, vague and bombastic phraseology which heretofore

has characterized his majesty's manifestos. It not only betrays real authorship, but shows that the emperor at last irrevocably bowed to the inevitable. He does not even conceal the fact that the discontent and agitation of his subjects has driven him to take the step, and practically yields everything—civil liberty, the inviolability of person, and liberty of conscience, speech and assembly. He not only converts the farcical imperial duma, with only consultative power, into an absolute legislative assembly without the assent of which no measure shall become law, and before which all governmental authorities must answer, but promises eventually universal suffrage.

Last of the Autocrats.

The title, "autocrat of all the Russias," now takes its place with the title of "King of Jerusalem," borne by the king of Spain and the emperor of Austria and with other obsolete titles of European sovereigns.

J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., and George W. Perkins were with Finance Minister Kokovoff when the latter received the news. It was a dramatic moment. The minister was called to the telephone, and when he returned he was greatly agitated, and said:

"Gentlemen, the old order of things has changed. Russia has a constitution."

News Spread Like Wildfire.

The news spread like wildfire throughout the city. The revolutionists, and active agitators generally, declared loudly that the government's promises would no longer suffice and that the strike must be continued.

In fact, an hour after the news became known the revolutionists took occasion to throw the first bomb in St. Petersburg used since the strike began. The incident occurred near the Polytechnic school, but there was no fatality. Practically all classes, except the socialists and the extreme radicals, however, read the document with delight and amazement, declared that it could not fail to rally the moderates to the support of Count Witte.

"TO BE TAKEN FOR GUIDE."

Report of Count Witte on Which the Manifesto Was Based.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 31.—Count Witte's report to the emperor, who inscribed thereon, "To be taken for guide," is as follows:

"Your majesty has deigned to indicate to me directions for a government in consideration of the actual state of Russia."

"The agitation of human society is not the outcome of partial imperfections in the social and governmental regime or of actions organized by the extreme elements. Its roots are much deeper. It took birth in the violation of the balance between the moral aspirations and the exterior forms of Russian society."

"Believing that Russia aspired to laws based on civil liberty, the chief problem of the government consists in making effective, even before approval by the state duma all elements of civil liberty in the elaboration of normal legislative measures giving equality before the laws to all Russians without distinction of race or religion."

"The government should abstain from any interference with elections to the duma and keep in view my sincere desire for the realization of the ukase of December 25, 1904. It must maintain the prestige of the duma and have confidence in its labors, and in no way resist its decisions so long as they are not inconsistent with Russia's historic greatness."

"It is necessary to respect the ideals of the great majority of society, and not the echoes of noisy groups and factions, too often unstable."

"It is especially important to secure the reform of the council of the empire on an electoral principle."

"I believe that in the exercise of the executive power the following principles should be embodied:

"First—Straightforwardness and sincerity in the confirmation of civil liberty and in providing guarantees for its maintenance."

"Second—A tendency in the direction of the abolition of exclusive laws."

"Third—The co-operation of the activity of all organizations of government."

"Fourth—Avoidance of repressive measures in respect of proceedings which do not openly menace society or the state."

"Fifth—Resistance to acts which manifestly threaten society or the state, such resistance being based upon law and moral unity."

"Confidence must be placed in the political fact of Russian society. It is impossible that society should desire a condition of anarchy which would threaten, in addition to all the horrors of civil strife, the dismemberment of the empire."

Soreness to Settle in Mexico.

Mexico, Oct. 31.—Mormon agents from Utah have purchased a large acre of land for colonization purposes in the state of Chihuahua.

Death of Judge Sanford.

Galesburg, Ill., Oct. 31.—Judge P. H. Sanford, of Knoxville, ex-member of the Illinois house and senate, is dead.

Voted For Seventeen Presidents.

Evansville, Ind., Oct. 31.—George S. VanNatta, said to be the oldest republican of Pike county, has just celebrated his eighty-seventh birthday anniversary. He has voted for 17 presidential candidates in his day. His first vote was cast for William Henry Harrison in 1840.

Lake Captain Shoots His Wife.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—James P. Cummings, captain of the schooner Henry Cowles, shot and probably fatally wounded his wife in a jealous quarrel.

Death Caused By Falling Coffin.

St. Louis, Oct. 31.—Internal injuries induced by the fall of a coffin containing the body of a woman weighing 520 pounds caused the death of C. S. Thomas, business manager of the National Undertaking Co., at his home, 612 North Eighth street, East St. Louis.

End of Diphtheria Epidemic.

St. James, Mo., Oct. 31.—The schools and churches here have reopened, after being closed a month on account of an epidemic of diphtheria. Eight children have died.

SANTA FE LIMITED WRECKED

Ten Persons Killed and Twenty-Six Injured at Big Blue Cut.

The Train Struck a Broken Rail and Plunged Twenty Feet Down the Embankment.

Kansas City, Oct. 31.—The Santa Fe's California limited, from Chicago, was wrecked at 10 a. m. five miles east of the wreck occurred at Big Blue cut, where the Santa Fe crosses the tracks of the Missouri Pacific.

Thirteen people were killed and 26 injured. The ill-fated train struck a broken rail and plunged 20 feet down the embankment to the bottom of the cut.

As soon as the news was received here a relief train was made up and rushed to the scene of the accident with physicians and nurses.

The Dead.

Roy Stafford, Cleveland, O.

Lee D. Montgomery, Linneus, Mo.

James Seymour, Richmond, Mo.

John McGregor, a Santa Fe engineer, Fort Madison, Ia.

Max Schneider, New York.

J. F. Capps, Jaccaguman, Chicago.

Carl Emil Tornlund, immigrant, Brooklyn.

Donato Dipomazio, immigrant from Naples.

Rocco Dipomazio, immigrant from Naples.

Luther Richardson, colored waiter, Chicago.

William Harrison, colored porter, Chicago.

Adrian Pontout, immigrant from Worthing, England.

J. B. Whitmore, Carrollton, Mo.

Most of the injured were in the smoker.

The dead and injured were brought to this city with the uninjured passengers in the cars which remained on the track, and the passengers whose destination was west of Kansas City proceeded on their journey. Most of the passengers who were going to the far west escaped injury, as few of them were in the cars which were derailed.

VICTIMS OF SAVAGE ATTACK

Rear-Admiral Train, U. S. N., and His Son Attacked by Chinese White Hunting.

London, Oct. 31.—A dispatch to the Evening Standard from Shanghai says that Rear-Admiral Train, commander-in-chief of the American Asiatic squadron, and his son, Lieut. Train, have been victims of a savage attack by Chinese outside of Nankin.

The American officers were pleasantly surprised when the admiral accidentally shot a Chinese woman, slightly injuring her. Hundreds of villagers thereupon surrounded the officers, took away their guns, knocked the admiral down in the mud and held Lieut. Train as a hostage.

Forty American marines, landed as a rescue party, were attacked by a mob of Chinese, who tried to pitchfork the officers. The marines were obliged to fire twice. The Chinese officials refused to restore the officers' guns, and support the villagers.

Nankin has been active in the movement for boycotting American goods, and is the center of activity on the part of the Japanese students.

OWES MORE THAN IT EVER HAD

The Enterprise National Bank Wreck at Allentown, Pa., the Worst on Record.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 31.—The Post says: "If every penny of the ten per cent. assessment against the stock of the Enterprise national bank is paid, the depositors will not get more than 10 cents on the \$1. That is the opinion of the government officials at Washington, to whom the corps of federal examiners, at work here on the bank's condition have reported."

"Startling facts as to the extent of the failure have developed. The department officials brand it as 'the worst wreck on record.' Not only does it appear that every asset of the institution was borrowed \$5 million, but through the rehypothecation of notes and securities the bank owes in excess of everything it ever had."

MOUNT VESUVIUS CRACKED

A Great Emission Made in the Cony Through Which Lava Descended Lava Is Pouring.

Naples, Oct. 31.—It is reported from the observatory of Mount Vesuvius that constant explosions have shattered the cone of the summit.

The explosions occur every half minute, and are increasing in volume. A constant stream of incandescent lava is pouring through a lateral fissure in the cone.

Says Wife's Hair Is Valuable.

Idaho, Kas., Oct. 31.—Mary Goldard's husband has brought suit of replevin against Levi Harrington to secure a lock of Mrs. Goldard's hair, which, it is alleged, Mr. Harrington secured by stealth. Goldard also asked that he be awarded damages at the rate of \$2 per hair.

\$2,000,000 Bridge to Span Ohio.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 31.—The Detroit, Toledo & Ironton railroad will build a \$2,000,000 bridge across the Ohio river at Ashland, Ky. The contract has been let to the American Bridge Co.

Fatal Catholic Orphanage Fire.

Raleigh, N. C., Oct. 31.—John Gavish was killed, and Ellen Buffalo and Timothy Wallace were seriously injured, by jumping from a third-story window to escape flames which were consuming the priests' house at Nazareth orphanage.

"Thieves and Robbers."

Chicago, Oct. 31.—In a sermon at St. Andrew's Episcopal church, Bishop George F. Seymour, of Springfield, Ill., characterized insurance magnates as "thieves and robbers."

Harcourt Found Guilty.

W. H. Harcourt, charged with having forged \$700,000 worth of bills of lading and obtaining money on them was found guilty by a jury at St. Joseph and the penalty fixed at five years in the penitentiary.

NEWS FROM MISSOURI

Aid to a Bolivar College.

The spring river association has voted unanimously to turn over its one-fourth interest in the Pierce City Baptist college to the trustees of the college at Bolivar. The college building in Pierce City has been sold to the public school district for \$5,000. The expenses were nearly \$500 which will leave \$1,000 in cash to be transferred. The trustees of the college in Pierce City have voted also to turn over the library and laboratory. The library alone is variously estimated by those familiar with it at from \$1,200 to \$1,800 and the laboratory equipment is worth from \$500 to \$600.

Laid Corner Stone in Rain.

The firing of a cannon from the capitol terraces, with a band playing national airs at the scene of the ceremonies, enlivened the exercises of the laying of the corner stone for the new state supreme court building at Jefferson City, but not sufficiently to offset the depressing effects of the steady downpour of rain, which interfered materially with the attendance. The programme as originally prepared was carried out in the rain. Gov. Doekken, who inaugurated the movement which culminated in the exercises, was unable to attend due to the death of his father.

Law and Religion Clash.

Declaring that he has received divine instructions not to place his children in the public schools of St. Joseph, William Hett, refuses to heed the admonitions of John T. Brady, the truancy officer. The parent was served with a written notice, ordering him to obey the compulsory education law and if the instructions are not heeded by him, he will be prosecuted. Hett is a preacher who is not affiliated with any denomination, but says he unites with all Christians in their worship.

Last Relic of the Fair.

Solitary and alone, almost stately in its grandeur, the famous old Ferris wheel stands intact on the world's fair grounds. It is the bugaboo of the Chicago wrecking company, which has the contract for removing the buildings of the Louisiana purchase exposition company, and it is liable to be the last relic of the fair. Officials of the wrecking company have stated that they probably would leave the wheel until the very last thing.

Missouri Led All Others.

Advance sheets of "Poor's Manual of Railroads," which will be issued November 1, gives the length of steam railroads in the United States December 31, 1904 as 212,349 miles, a net increase of 5,014 miles in the year. The heaviest construction of the year was in the southwestern group of states in which no less than 1,746 miles were built. Missouri has to its credit 418 miles which is 100 miles more than any other state.

Girl Admits Horse Theft.

Miss Toots Stout, charged with stealing a horse and buggy from the Linton livery barn at Rich Hill, was captured with the rig at Leck Summit. She said she had been induced to steal the rig by a young man, who left her between Pleasant Hill and Leck Summit. She was placed in jail pending trial. The horse, when found, was nearly exhausted from hunger and travel, not having had the harness of for 36 hours.

Receiver for St. Charles Merchant.

At the instance of creditors in bankruptcy proceedings, a receiver was appointed for San Gordon, a merchant at St. Charles, by Judge Finkelnburg, in the United States district court. United States Marshal Morsey was named by the court and went to St. Charles at once to close up Gordon's place of business and take charge of his stock, valued at about \$3,000.

Brewers to Reduce Expenses.

Kansas City brewers, hard hit by the lid war, are activating consolidating. One scheme is for a clearing house that will do away with bidding for saloon locations. The other is for the sale outright of all breweries to a Cleveland syndicate that is said to have asked for figures.

St. Louis Racing Cases Postponed.

The cases of George Ehrlich, F. V. Kintz and A. Miller, charged on six counts each with feloniously recording bets at the Delmar race track June 29, were passed generally by Judge McElhinney in the circuit court at Clayton. This makes the date of the hearing indefinite.

Big Demand for Ants.

There have been shelled from points in Bates and Vernon counties to the Kansas City markets this year more hickory ants and pecans than ever before in the history of these counties.

The State Dairy Meeting.

The sixteenth annual meeting of the Missouri State Dairy Association will be held in representatives' hall of the state capitol building, Jefferson City, November 15-17, with three sessions daily—morning, afternoon and evening.

Whiskers Longest in World.

Pike county boasts a citizen with the longest whiskers in the world. His name is Valentine Tapley. He is nearly 80 years old and his beard is eleven feet long. Mr. Tapley is one of the oldest residents of the county.

Profess St. Louis to Calcutta.

Stanley Stoner, who recently resigned the position of United States consul general at Calcutta, has returned to St. Louis, and purchased an attractive residence with the view of settling down again in St. Louis.

W. H. Harcourt Found Guilty.

W. H. Harcourt, charged with having forged \$700,000 worth of bills of lading and obtaining money on them was found guilty by a jury at St. Joseph and the penalty fixed at five years in the penitentiary.

THE SCIENCE OF LIVING.

Dr. George F. Butler Tells How to Eat and How to Assimilate.

Dr. George F. Butler, medical superintendent of the Alma Springs Sanitarium, Alma, Mich., in the October number of "How to Live," gives some interesting as well as sensible rules for acquiring and keeping health. He says: "Without we eat and drink, we die! The provocative to do both rests with the appetite, which, in process of time, becomes a very uncertain guide; for the palate will often induce a desire and relish for that which is most mischievous and indigestible. The old saying of 'eat what you like' is now shunned by everybody of 20 years' experience. Still, without appetite, it is a very difficult affair to subsist—for the pleasure depends chiefly upon the relish. The relish may become, as has been stated, a vitiated one, but it is quite possible to make the stomach, by a little forbearance and practice, as enamored of what is wholesome and nutritious, as of that which is hurtful, and not concoctible."

Again he says: "The delicate should feed carefully, not abundantly; it is not quantity which nourishes, but only that which assimilates. 'Be careful of your digestion' is the keynote of the doctor's argument. He says: 'Health in man, as in other animals, depends upon the proper performance of all the functions. These functions may be shortly said to be three: (1) tissue change; (2) removal of waste; (3) supply of new material. For the activity of man, like the heat of the fire by which he cooks his food, is maintained by combustion; and just as the fire may be prevented from burning brightly by improper disposition of the fuel, or imperfect supply of air, and as it will certainly go out if fresh fuel is not supplied, and may be choked by its own ashes, so man's activity may be lessened by imperfect tissue change, and may be put an end to, by an insufficient supply of new material and imperfect removal of waste products."

"We should see to it that free elimination is maintained, for the ashes must be kept out of the system in order to have good health. The skin, kidneys and bowels must do their eliminative work properly. If the bowels occasionally become torpid, try to regulate them with exercise and proper food, such as fruits, green vegetables, salads, cereals, corn, whole wheat or Graham bread, fish, poultry, light soups, etc. Plenty of water is also valuable, and a glass full of cold or hot water the first thing upon rising in the morning will aid much in overcoming constipation. Regular habit, cold baths, and massage are very efficacious. In case the constipation does not yield to these hygienic measures, some simple, harmless laxative may be required, such as California Syrup of Figs—a non-irritating preparation of senna in fig syrup—Laxative mineral waters are beneficial in some cases, but not to be employed continually."

"Above all be an optimist, keep the heart young. Cultivate kindness, cheerfulness and love, and do not forget that 'we shall pass through this world but once. Any good thing, therefore, that we do, or any kindness that we show to any human being, let us do it now. Let us not defer it, or neglect it, for we shall not pass this way again.'"

New Belgian Territory.

Though Belgium has an area of but 11,373 square miles, which is less than one-fourth the size of the state of New York, and a population of only 6,500,000, it has accomplished within 20 years a mighty task, opening up to the world a vast territory covering an area of 800,000 square miles with a native and white population of about 30,000,000.

Steel Worth More Than Gold.

The small steel screws used in watch-making are worth six times their weight in gold.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.